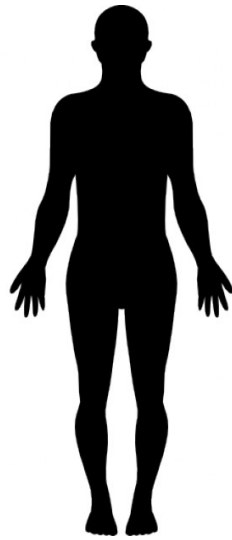
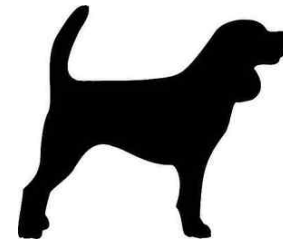


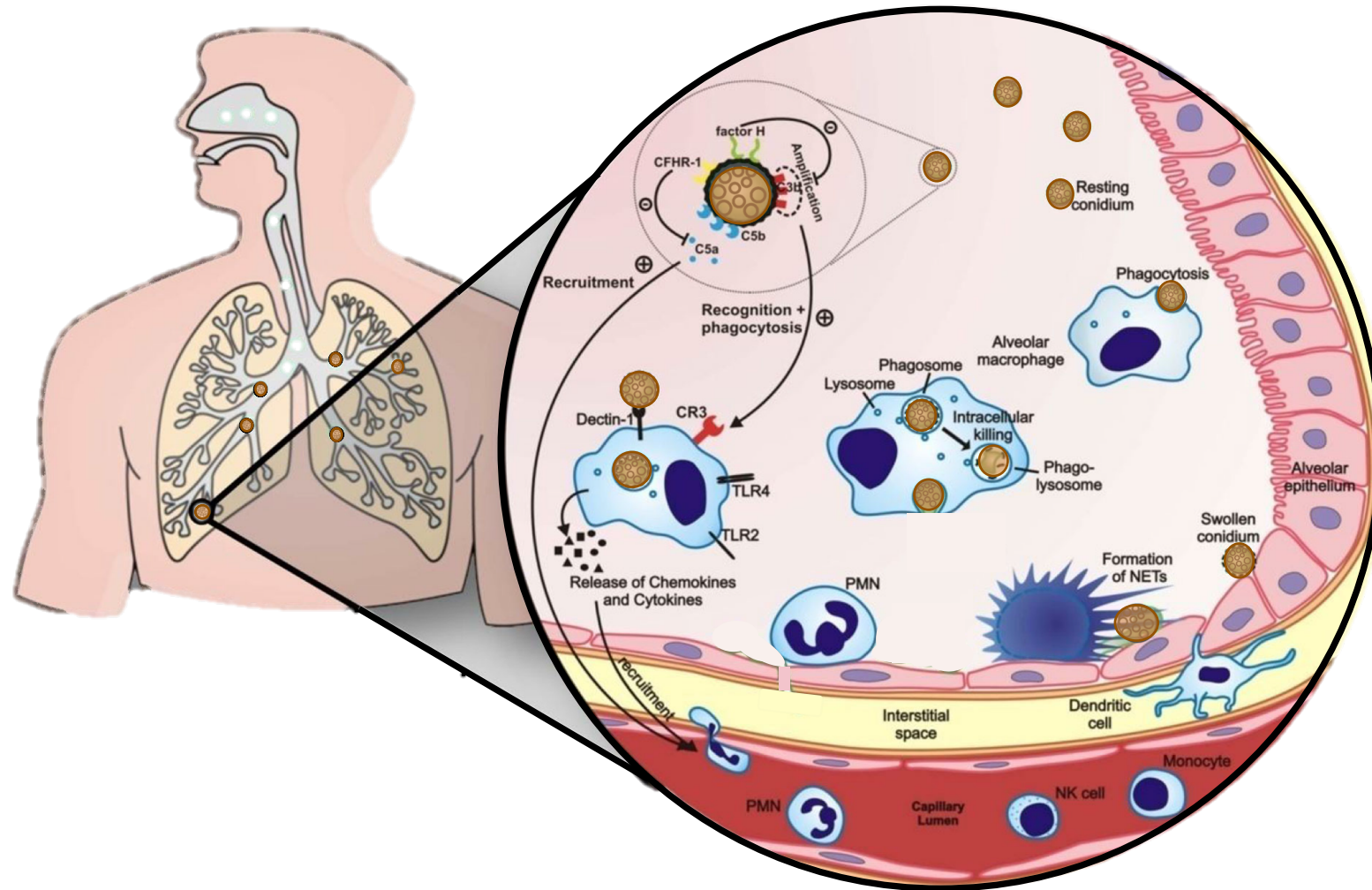
Host-pathogen Protein Profiling of Coccidioidomycosis In Multiple Host Species



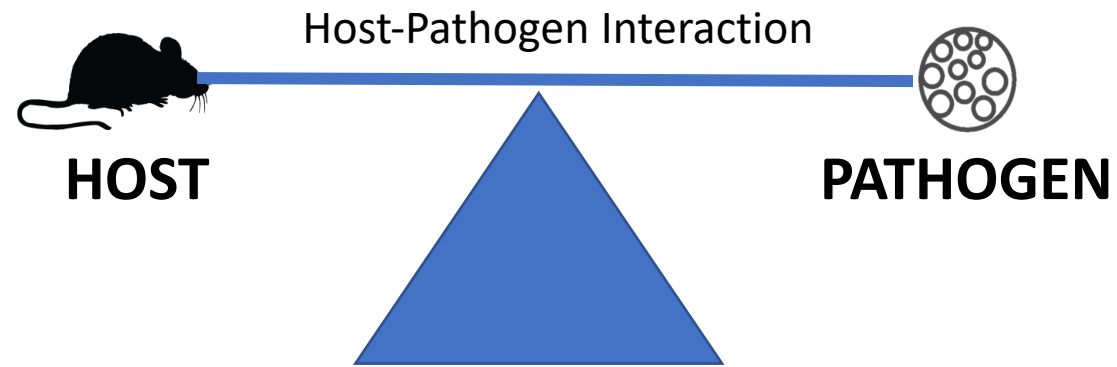
Natalie Mitchell
Microbiology PhD Candidate
Douglas Lake Lab



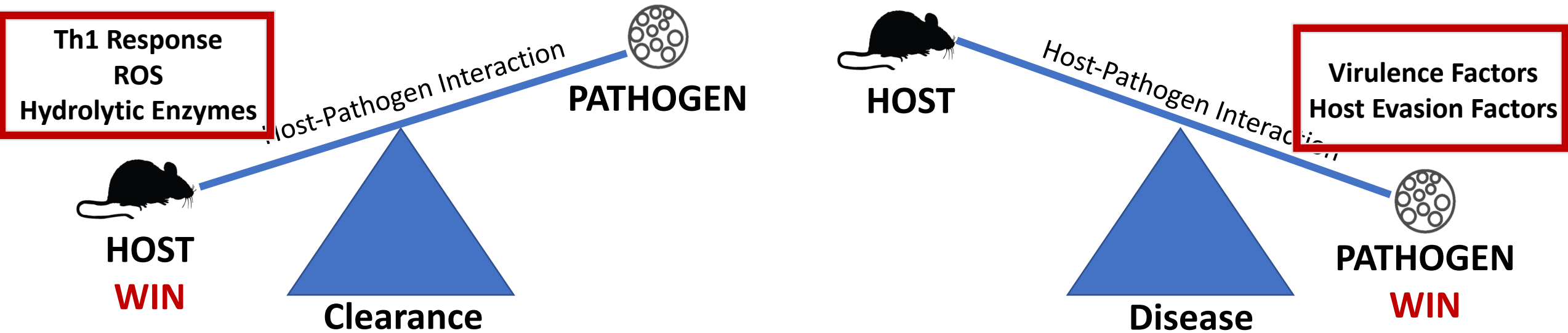
Host-*Coccidioides* Battle



Host-Pathogen Interactions



Host-Pathogen Interactions



Rationale:



How do we currently study host-pathogen interaction in Cocci?

In mouse models

Are mice comparable to mice?

Yes, within inbred strains.

Are mouse models comparable to humans?

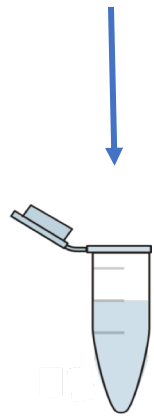
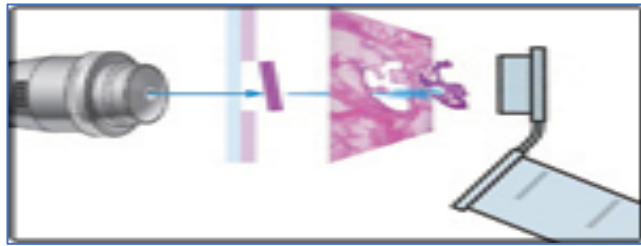
Not really (different immune systems, flora, genetics...)

Are humans comparable to humans?

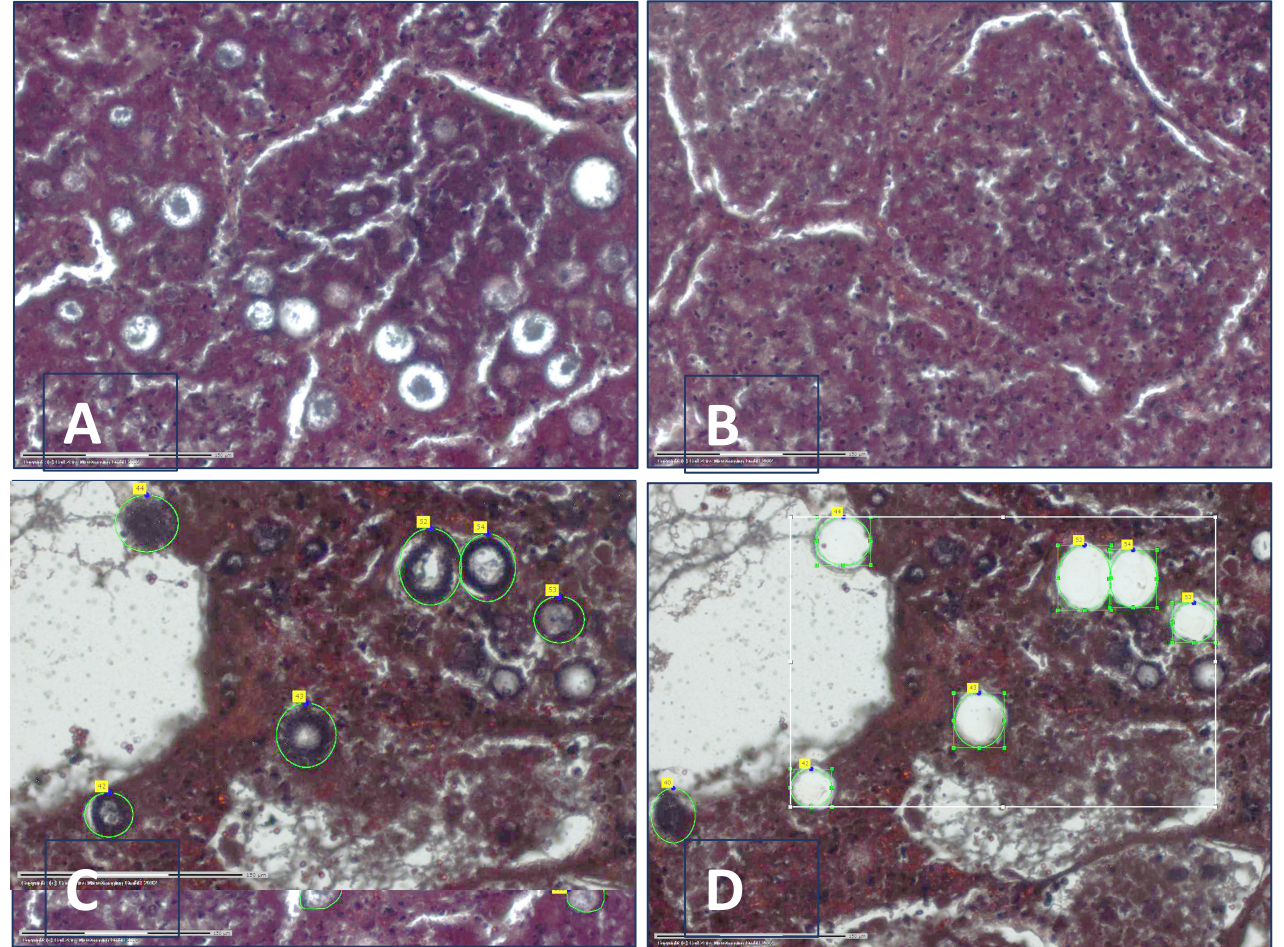
Somewhat. Hopefully not inbred. Multiple co-morbidities may exist though.

Laser Capture Microdissection (LCM)

-Spherule capture



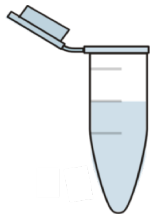
Protein Digestion



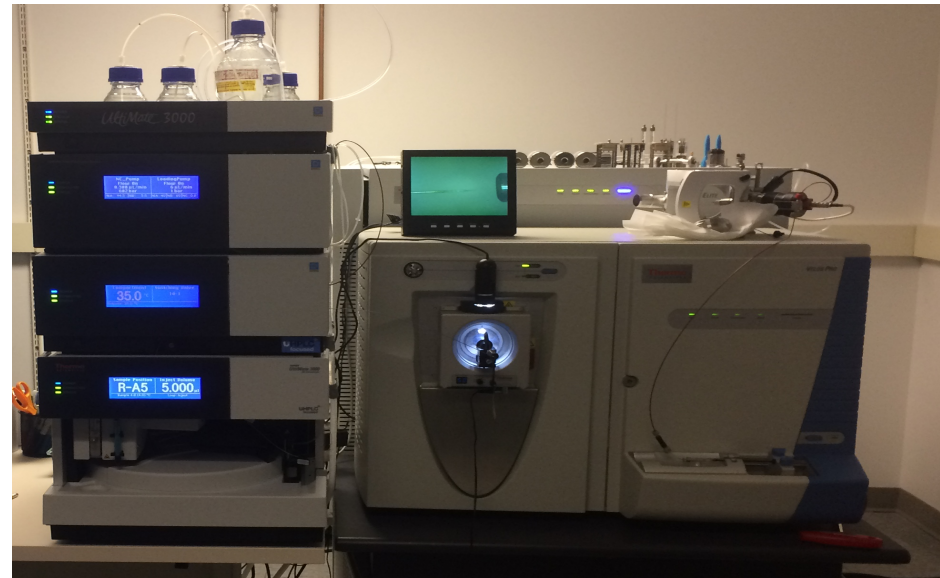
20x Human Lung Tissue
10um thick, H&E stained

Laser Capture Microdissection (LCM)

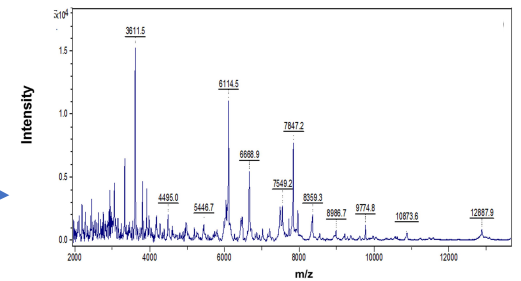
-Proteomics



Digested Protein



Nano LC-MS/MS



Acquisition of spectra and protein Identification

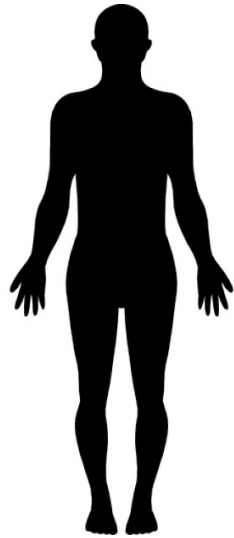


$$dNSAF_i = \frac{dSAF_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N dSAF_i}$$

Normalization of spectral abundance

Laser Capture Microdissection (LCM)

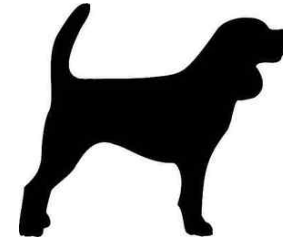
-Experimental Samples



4 Diseased, 3 Control
2 HIV+ patients
1 Adalimumab
1 Immunocompetent

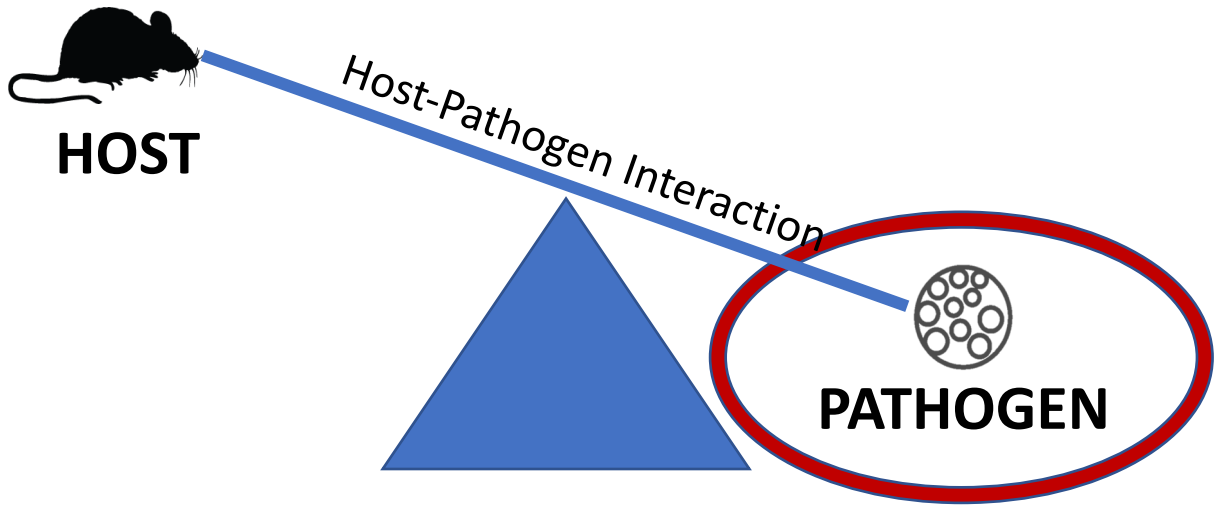


3 Diseased, 3 Control
All Balb/c mice



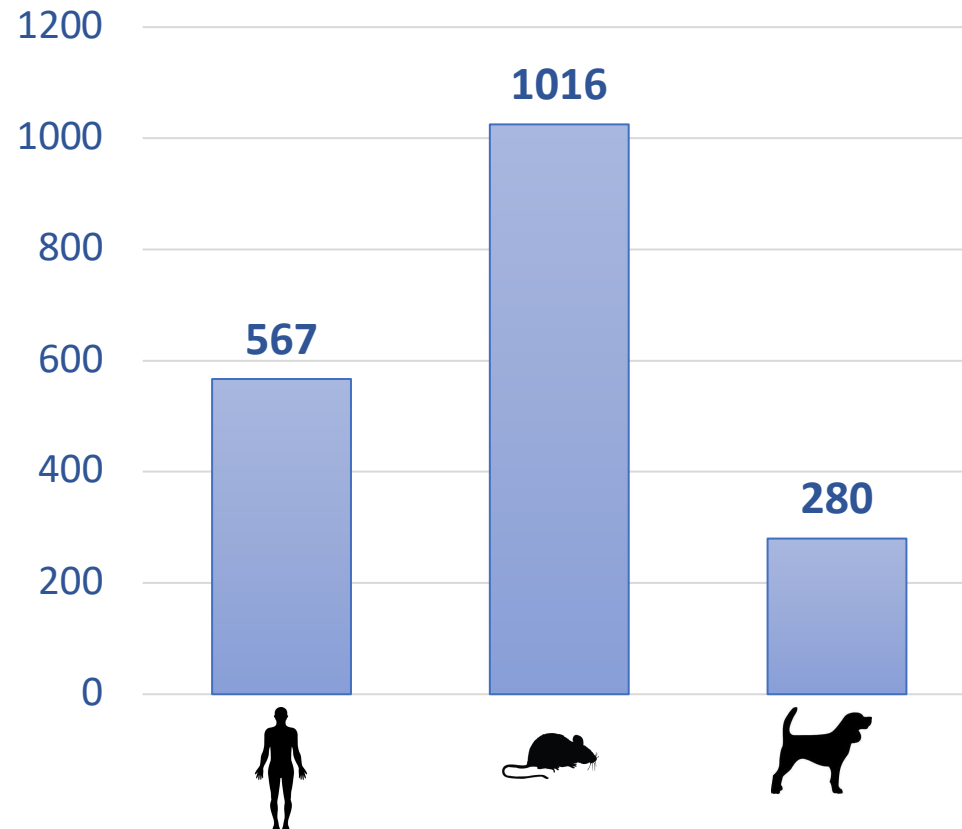
1 Diseased, 1 Control
Diseased unknown breed
Control was a Beagle

Coccidioidal Proteins

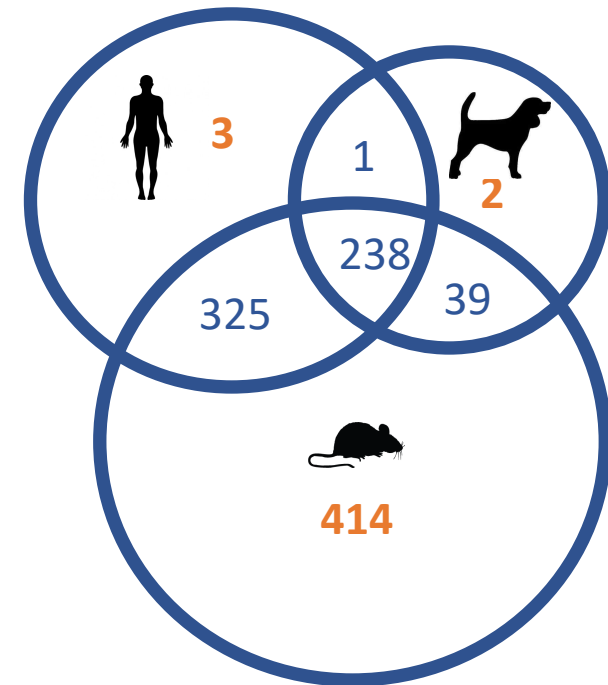


Coccidioidal Proteins

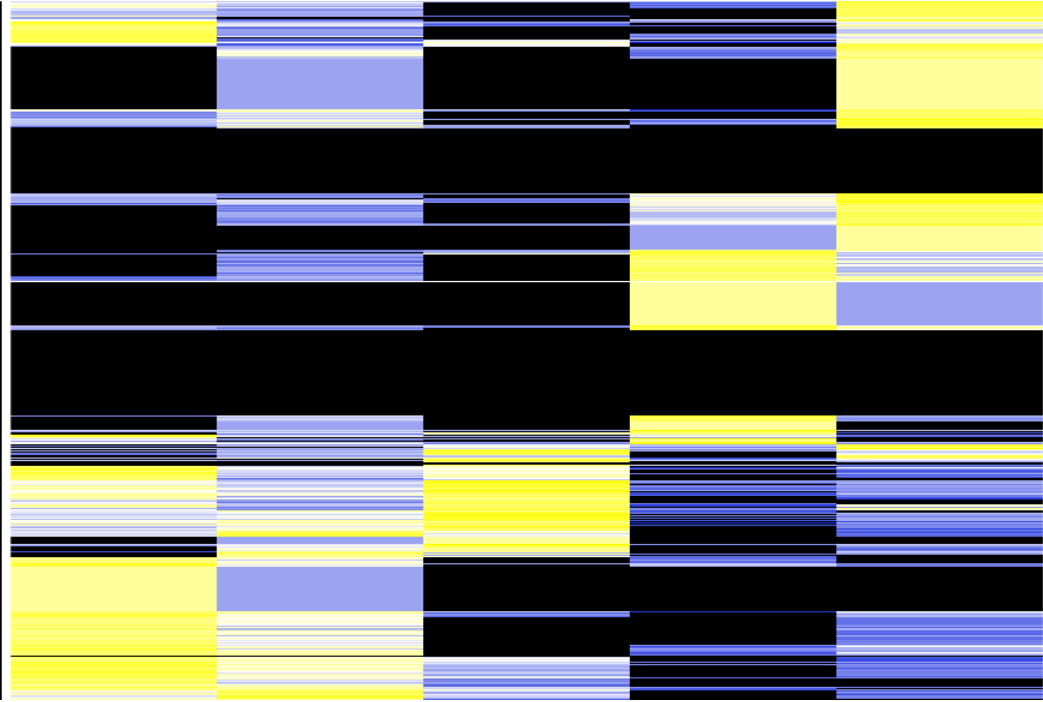
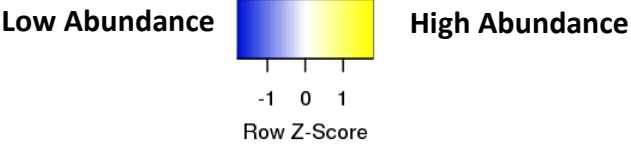
Total Cocci Proteins



Cocci Proteins Found in Common



Lung Grown \neq Lab Grown



mycelial

parasitic

Lung Grown \neq Lab Grown

Gene Ontology (Biological Process)

Protein
Production

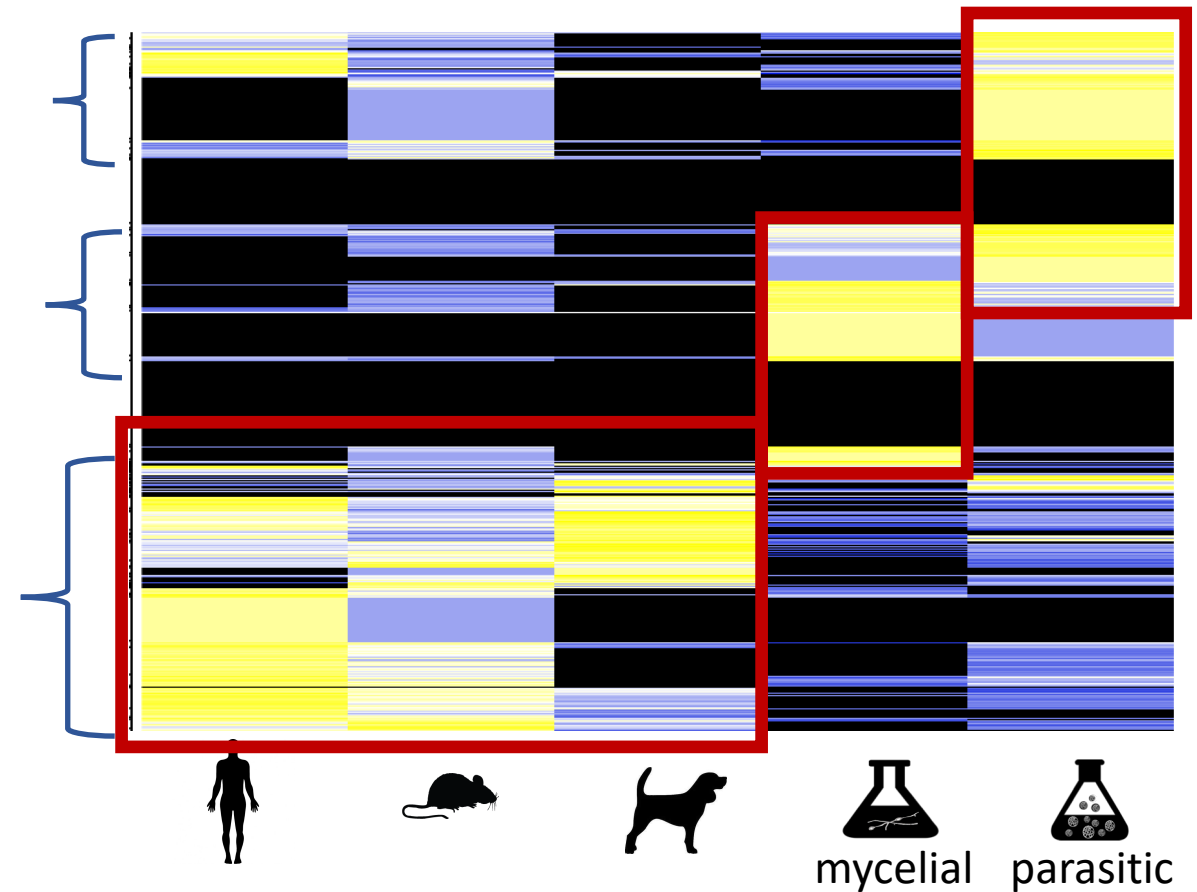
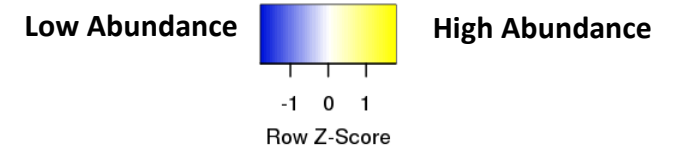
Translation [GO:0006412]
Cellular Amino Acid Biosynthetic Process [GO:0008652]
mRNA Splicing, via Spliceosome [GO:0000398]

Carbohydrate
Metabolism

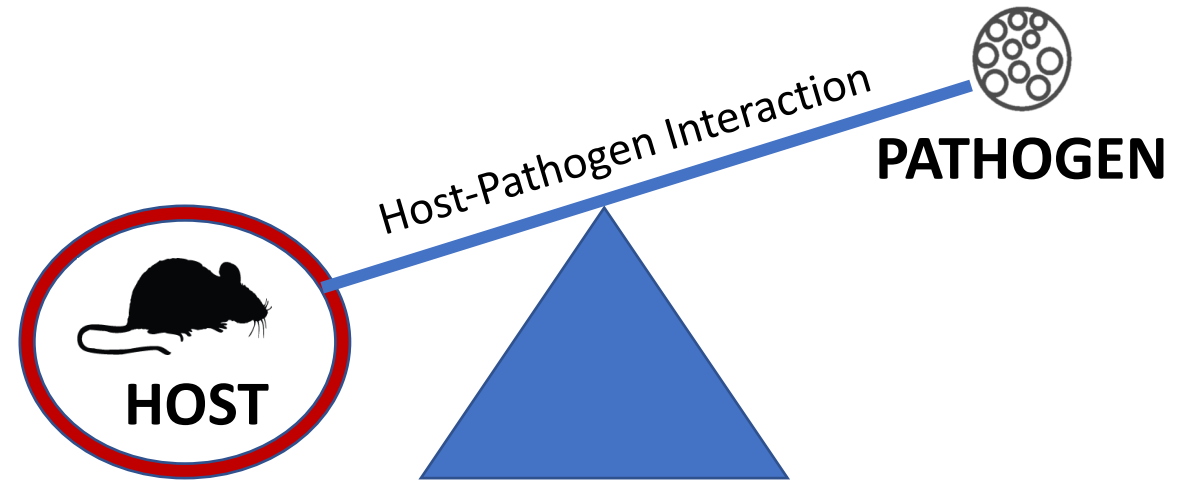
Metabolic Process [GO:0008152]
Carbohydrate Metabolic Process [GO:0005975]
Polysaccharide Catabolic Process [GO:0000272]

General
Metabolic
Processes

Translation [GO:0006412]
ATP synthesis Coupled Proton Transport [GO:0015986]
Carbohydrate Derivative Metabolic Process [GO:1901135]
Cell Redox Homeostasis [GO:0045454]
Protein Folding [GO:0006457]
TCA cycle [GO:0006099]

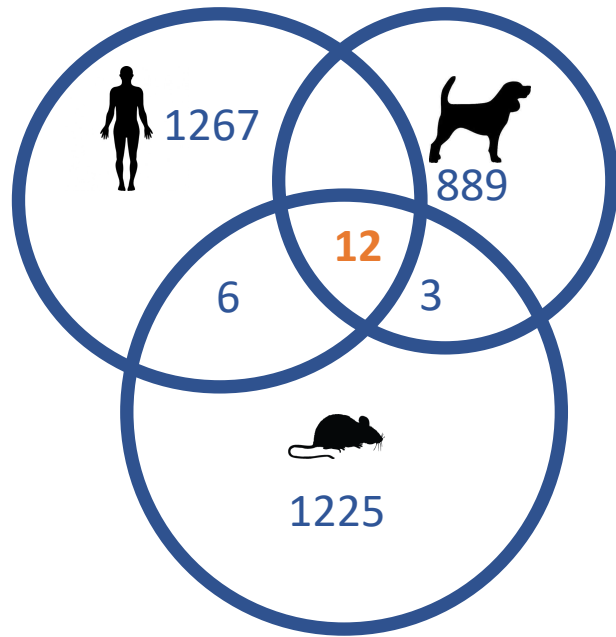


Host Proteins

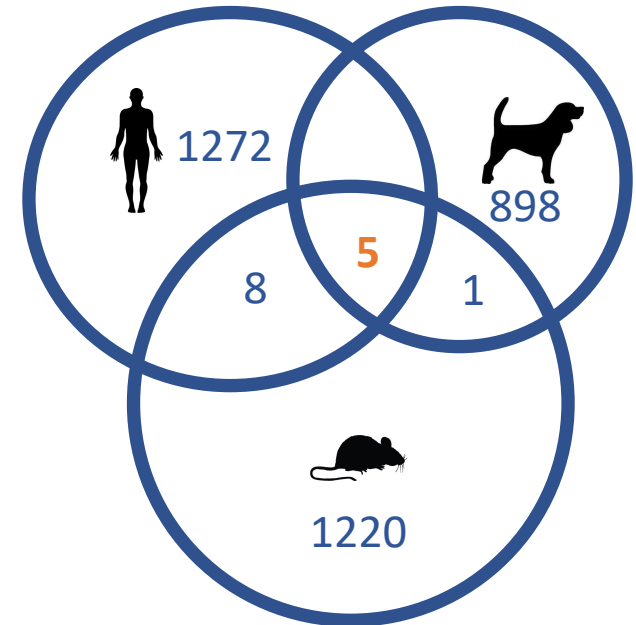


Host Proteins

Significantly Higher Abundance

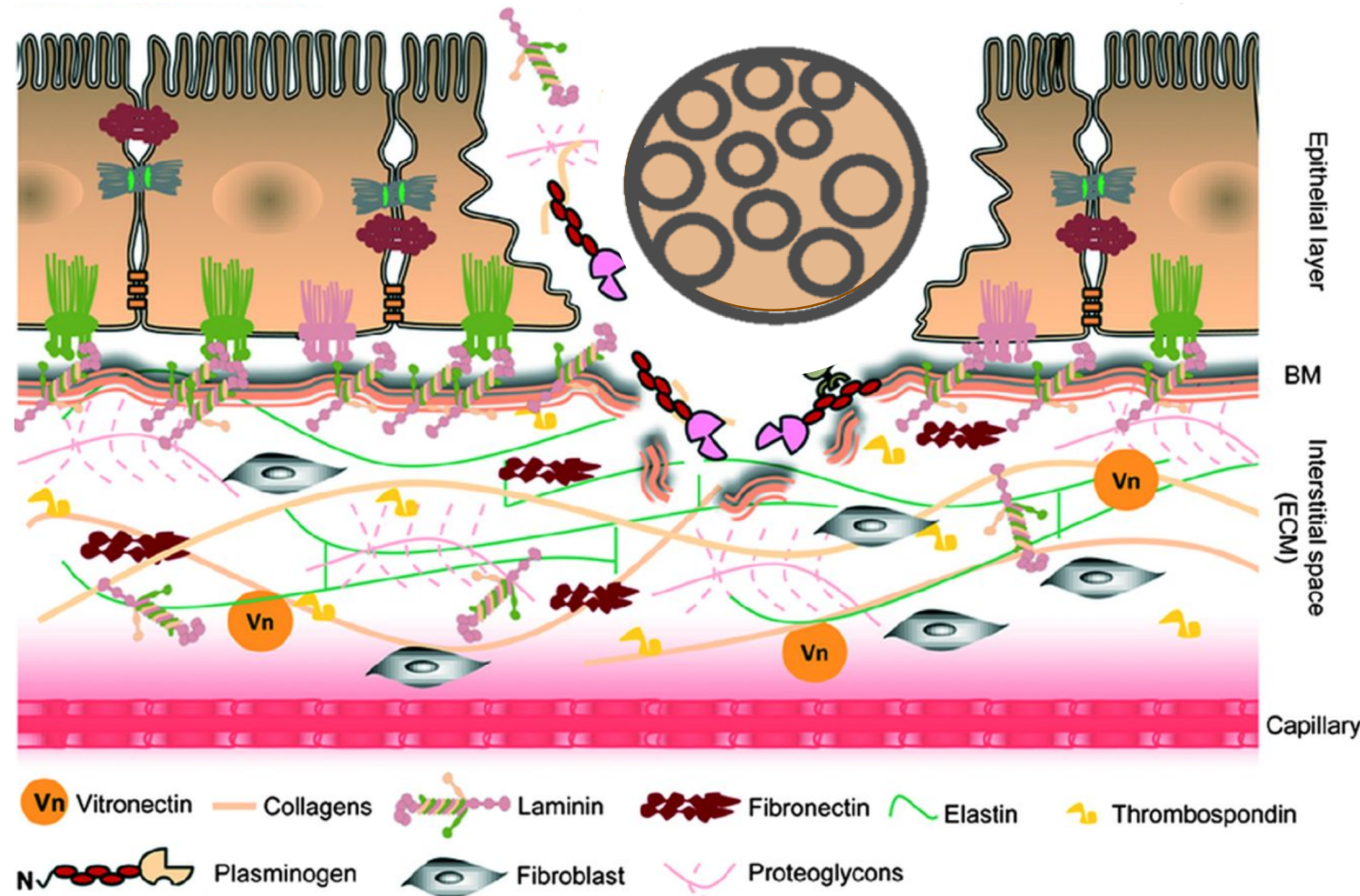


Significantly Lower Abundance



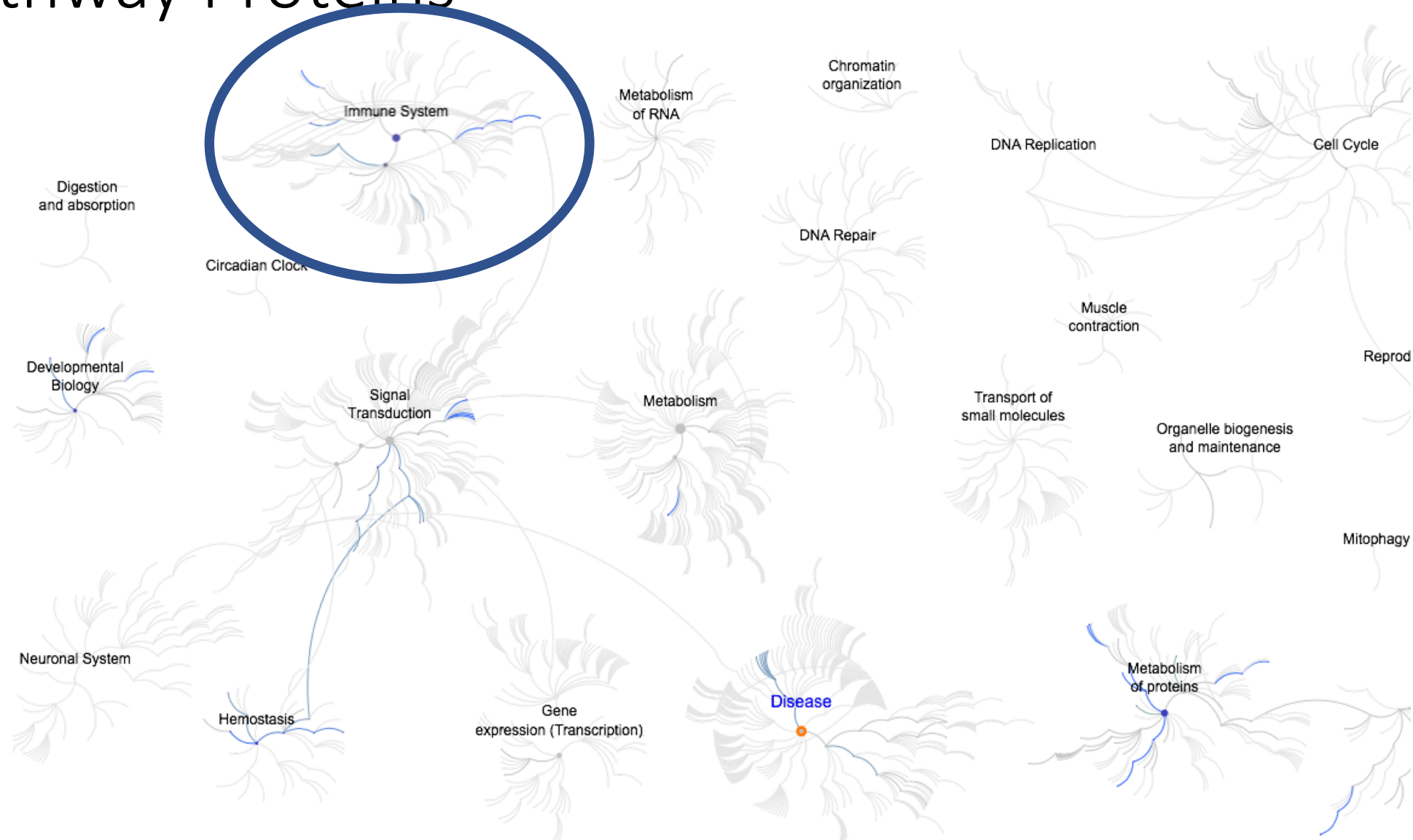
Significant Reduction in ECM Proteins

- ↓ Laminin
- ↓ Fibrillin
- ↓ Collagen

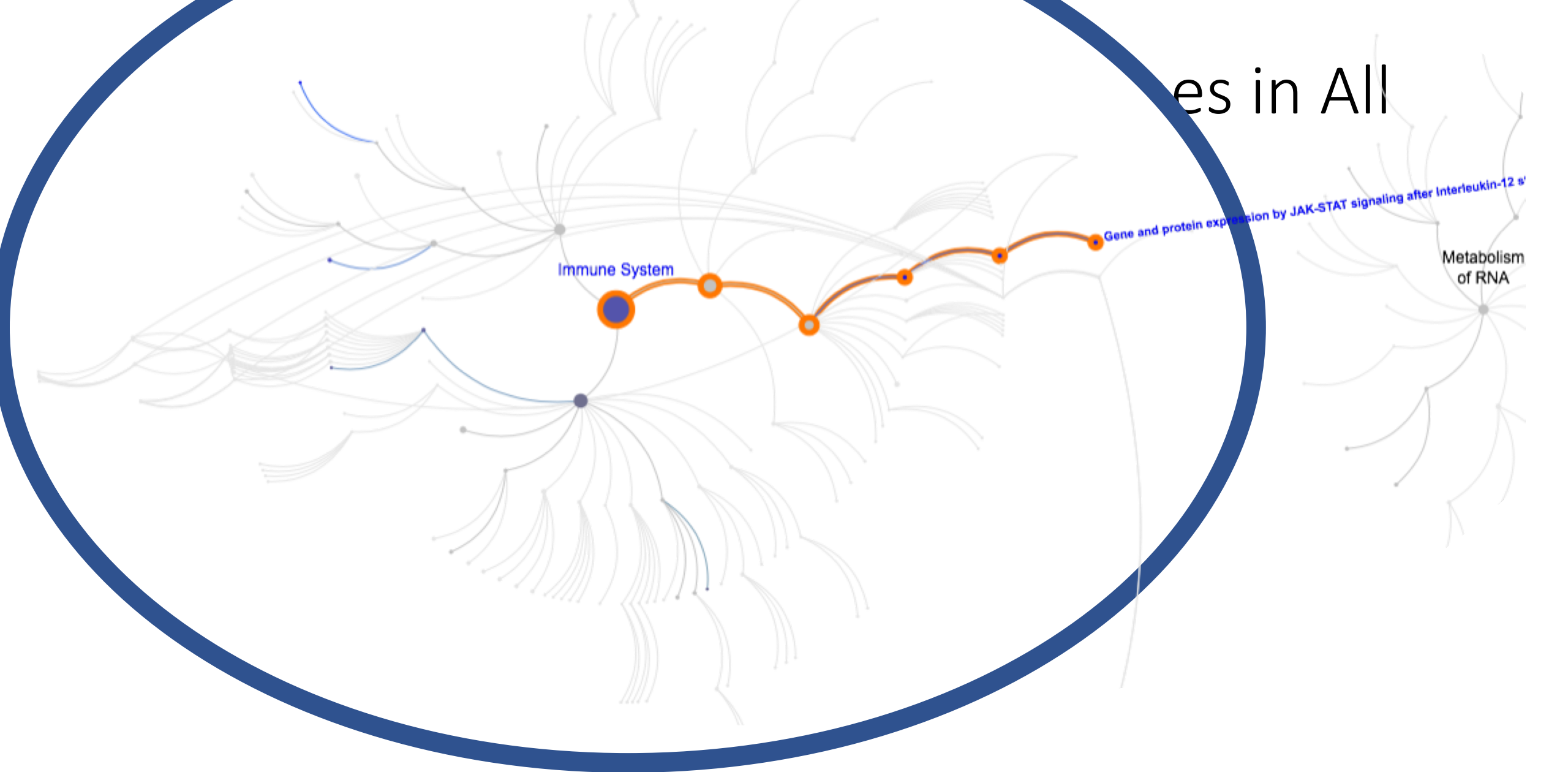


Adapted from Singh, *et al*; Human pathogens utilize host extracellular matrix proteins laminin and collagen for adhesion and invasion of the host, *FEMS Microbiology Reviews*, Volume 36, Issue 6, 1 November 2012, Pages 1122–1180

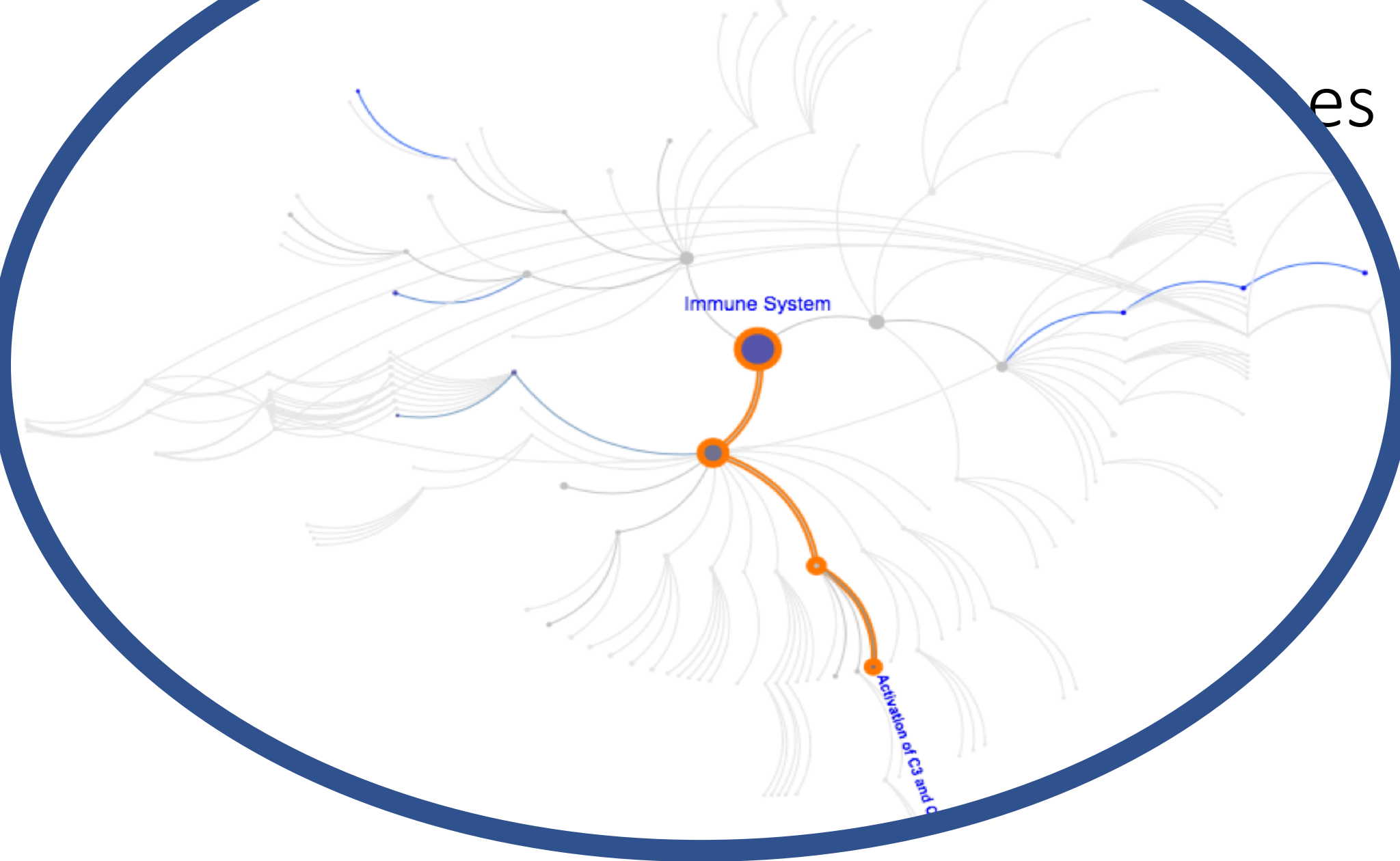
Significant Increase in Immune System and Disease Pathway Proteins



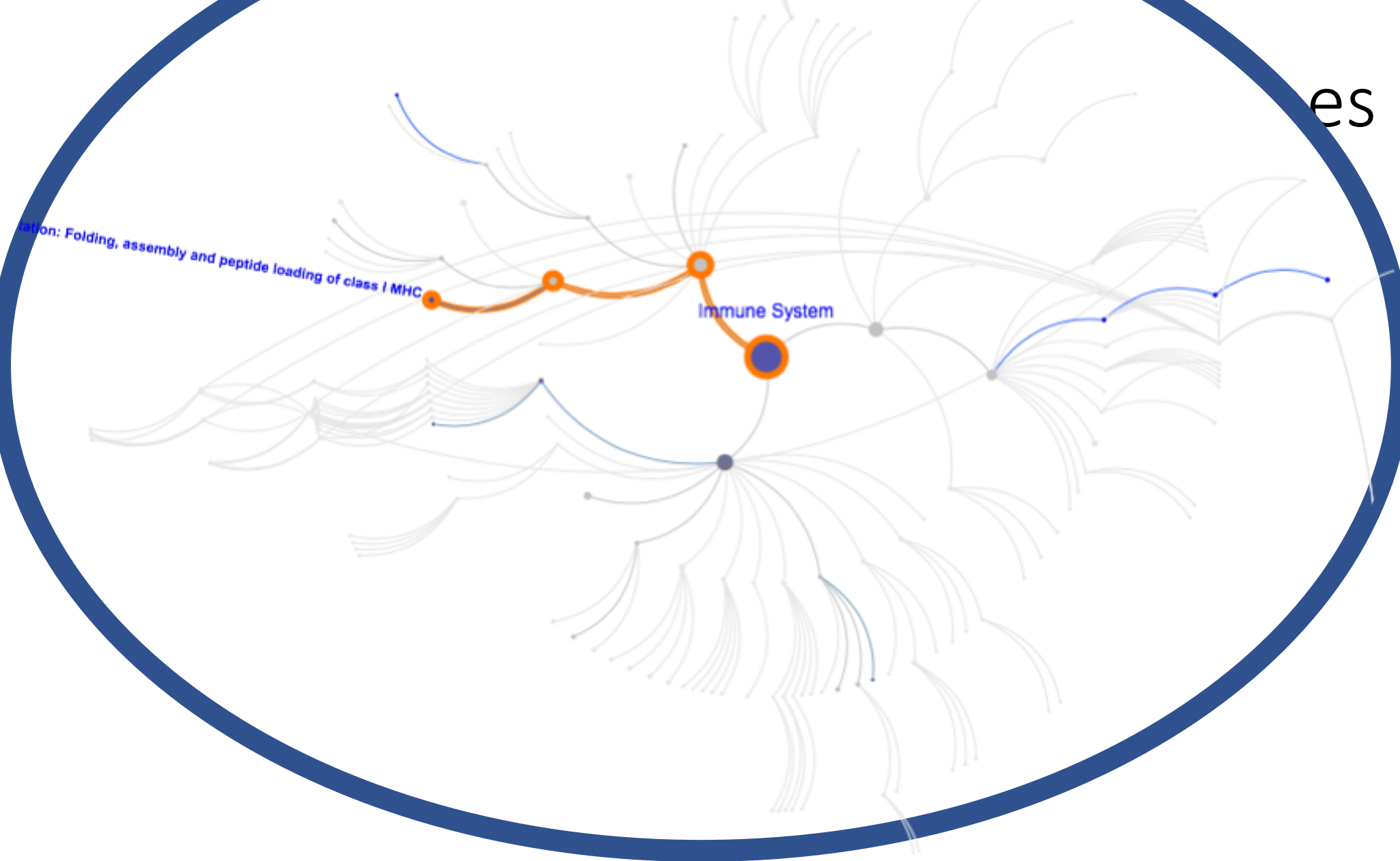
es in All



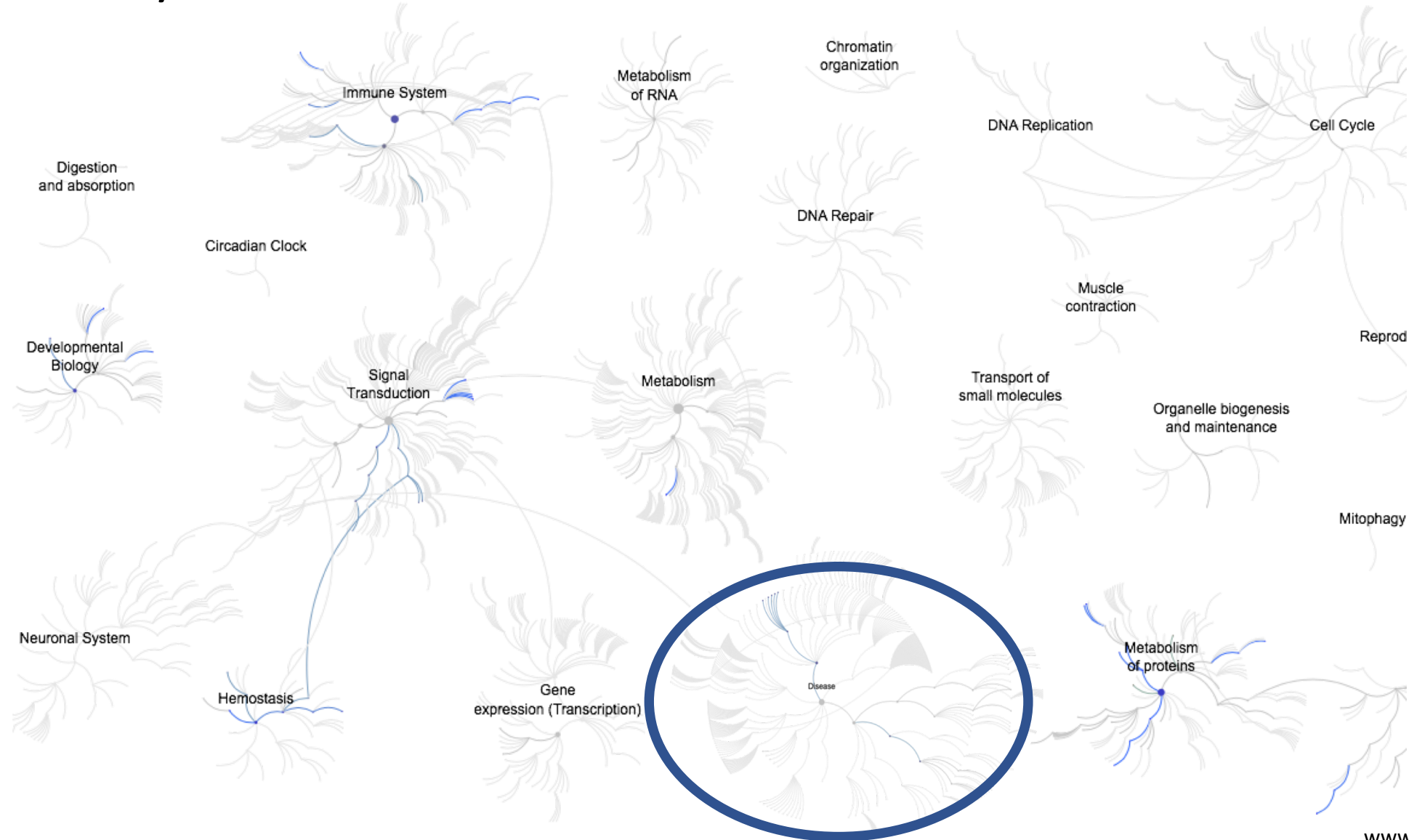
es in All



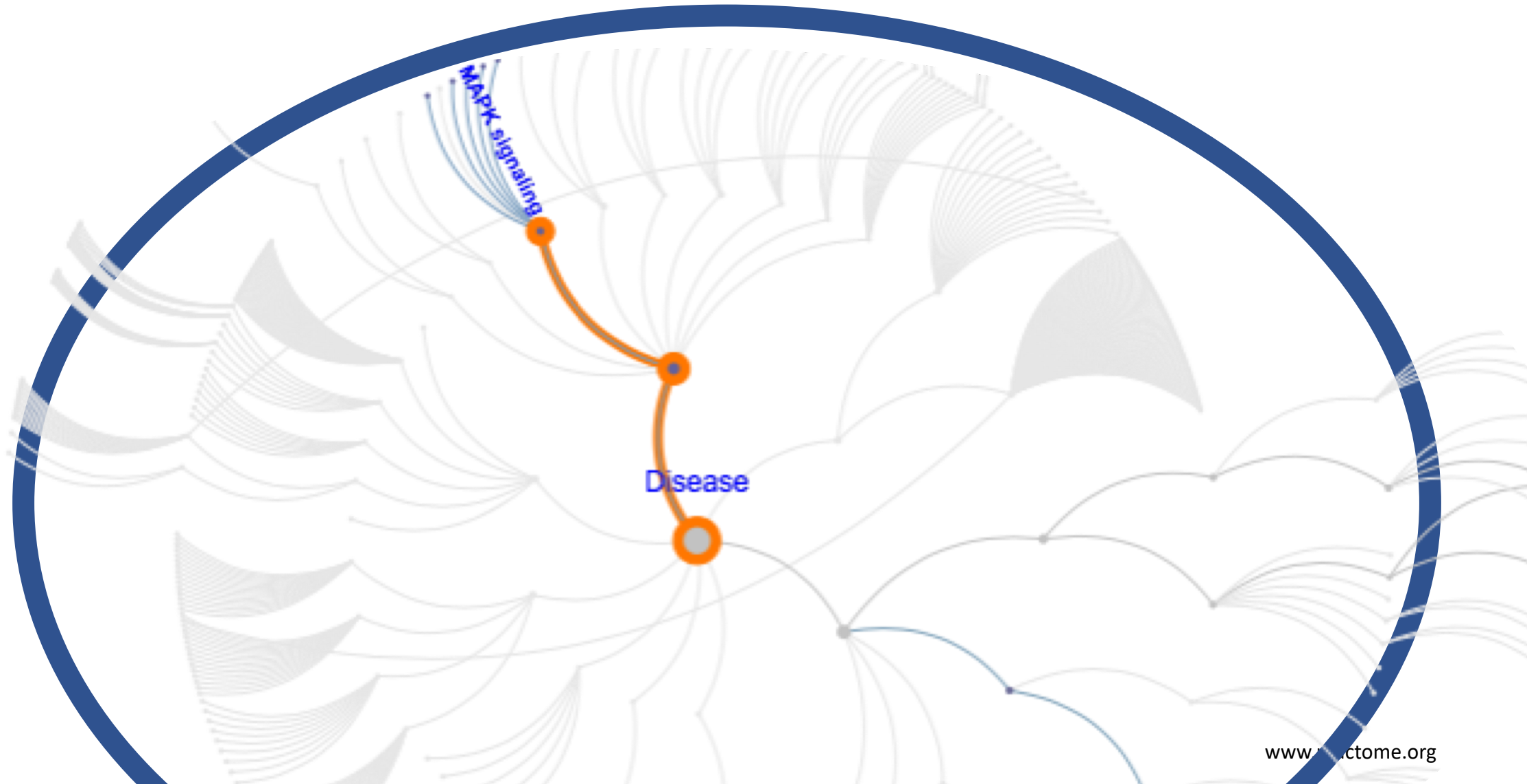
es in All



Significant Increase in Immune System and Disease Pathway Proteins

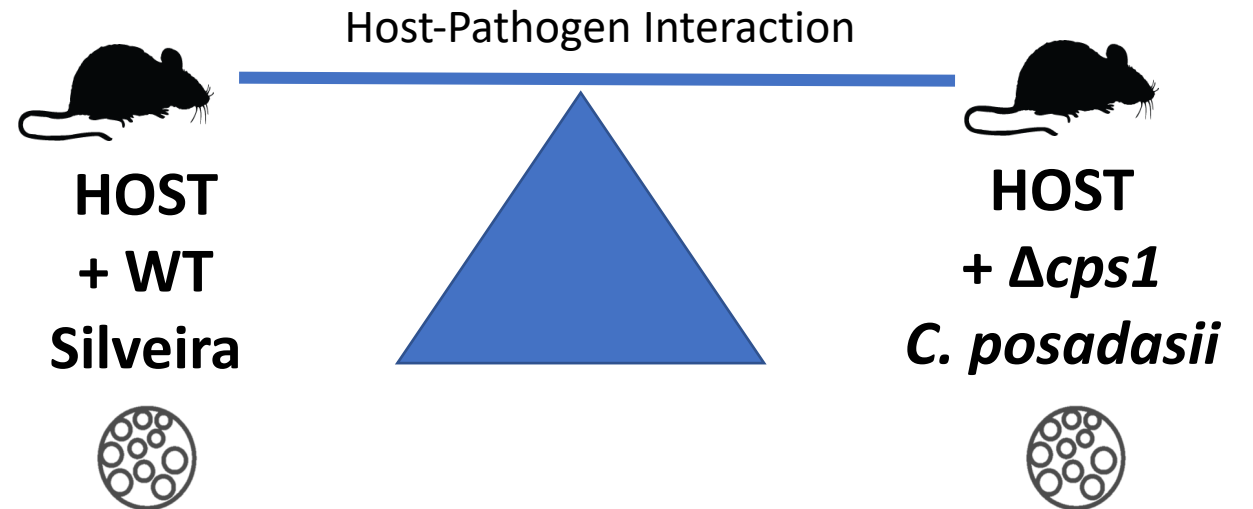


Significant Increase in Immune System and Disease Pathway Proteins



Same Host

-2 different Cocci strains



$\Delta cps1$ mutant vs. WT

– Coccidioidal Proteins Similar ; Host Proteins are Different

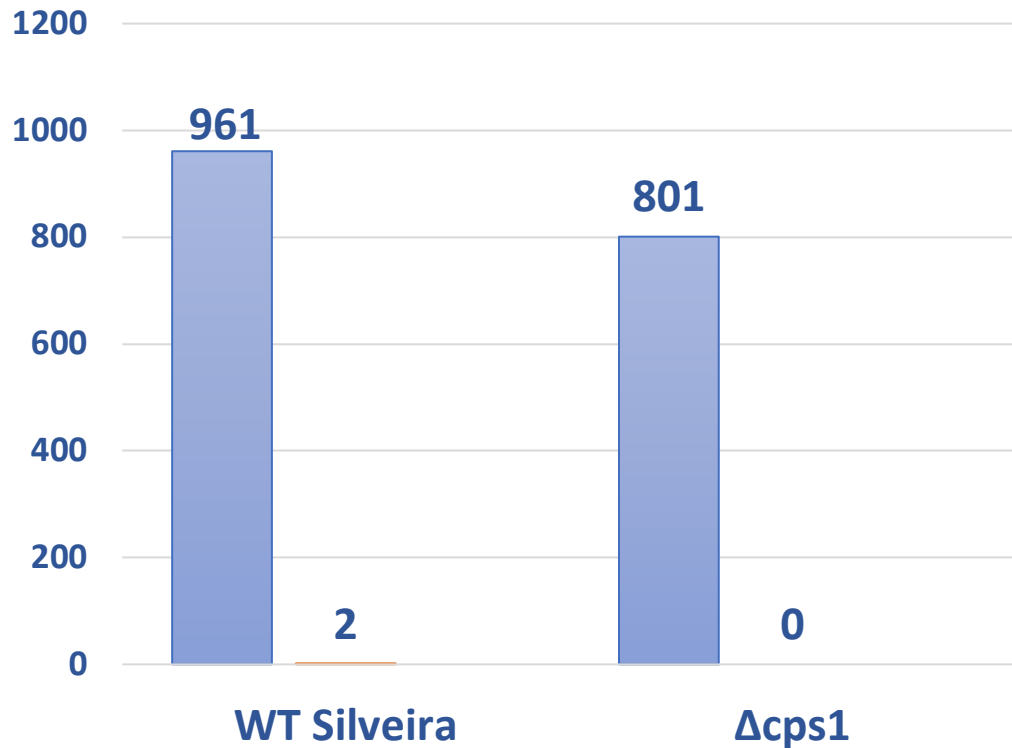
Coccidioidal Proteins



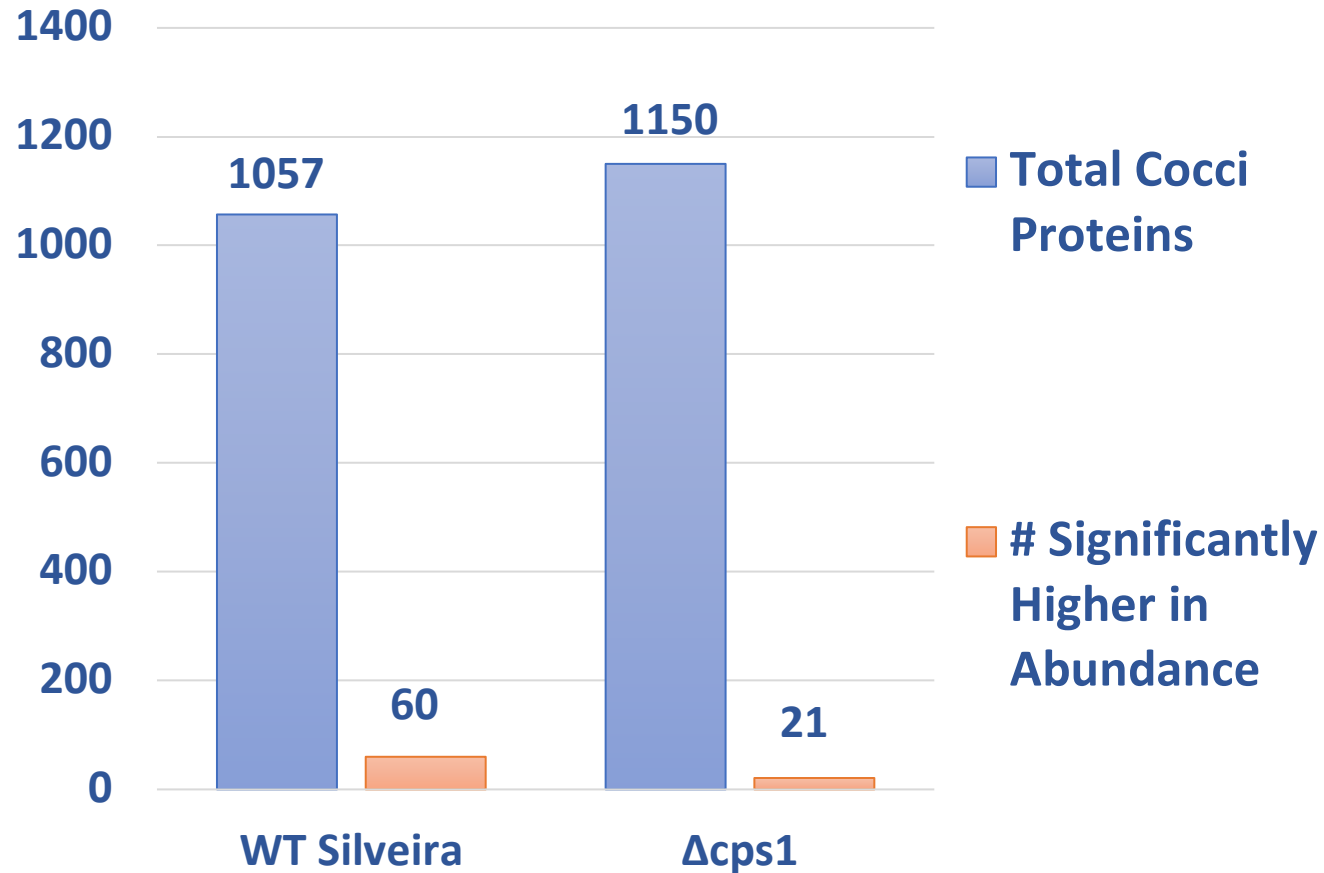
$\Delta cps1$ mutant vs. WT

– Coccidioidal Proteins Similar ; Host Proteins are Different

Coccidioidal Proteins



Host Proteins



$\Delta cps1$ mutant vs. WT

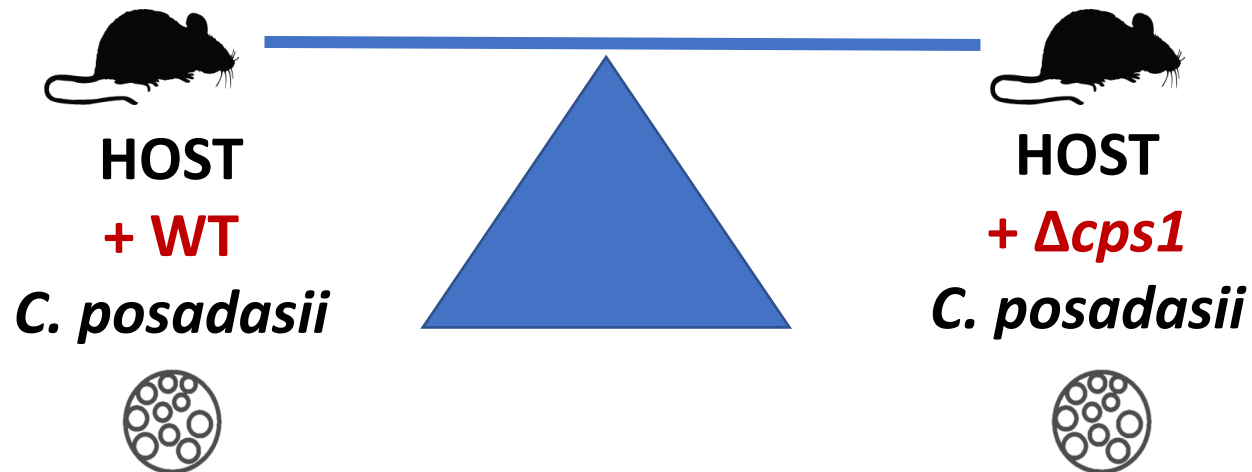
– Significant Host Proteins are Different

Th2 Associated Proteins

Antibodies
Eosinophil Cationic Proteins

Th1 Associated Proteins

MHC Class I Protein
Interferon Gamma Inducible Factors



Conclusions

- In the limited samples tested, *in vivo* Coccidioidal proteins and abundances were similar in human, mouse and dog lungs.
- Cocci grown in human, mouse and dog lungs were more similar than *in vitro* grown Cocci.
- Significant differences in host proteins was observed, suggesting caution should be taken when extrapolating findings about immune responses from mouse models.
- Also provided is data suggesting that the $\Delta cps1$ strain may alter the host proteins towards a protective Th1 response rather than altering expression of Coccidioidal proteins in mice.

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